Harmful stress-related couple processes during 1 year of the COVID-19 pandemic & lockdown: A longitudinal dyadic perspective









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COVID-19 & the quality of couple relationships



- ♦ ↓ relationship satisfaction
- ♦ ↑ couples' conflicts
- ♦ ↑ physical & psychological violence
- ♦ ↓ sexual satisfaction

(Candel & Jitaru, 2021; Gleason et al., 2021; Jetelina et al., 2021; Luetke et al., 2020)



- ♦ ↑ couple adjustment & cohesion
- ♦ = couple satisfaction
- ♦ ↓ partners' blame

(Günther-Bel et al., 2020; Williamson, 2020)

COVID-19 & couples' mechanisms



- ♦ Harmfull dyadic processes
- ♦ ↓ leisure time activities
- ♦ ↓ life satisfaction

(Goodboy et al., 2021; Pietromonaco & Overall, 2020; van der Velden et al., 2021)



- ♦ ↑ time together
- Dyadic coping

(Bar-Kalifa et al., 2021; Donato et al., 2021; Randall et al., 2022)

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COVID-19 pandemic & lockdown: Transitions



Abrupt transition:

Strict lockdown

From a normative life to a restricted life



Continuous transition:

Semi-lockdowns

Months later, the pandemic was always present



Focus on the strict lockdown

Time 1
Beginning of the lockdown

Time 2
Time 3
Time 4
T1 + 77 days
End of the strict lockdown

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Harmful stress-related couple processes during the COVID-19 pandemic and lockdown:
A longitudinal dyadic perspective. Frontiers in Psychology. 13, 819854, doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2022.819874



H2: Time-invariant predictors of couple processes trajectory during the lockdown

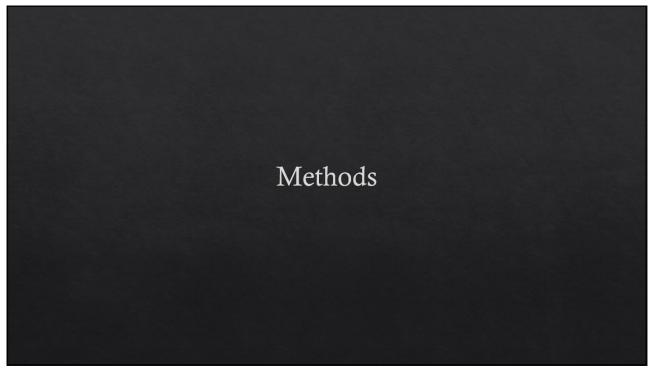
H2a: Duration of the relationship

H2b: Time spent together

H2c: Presence (or absence) of children at home

(Günther-Bel et al., 2020; Lee & McKinnish, 2017; Vagini & Widmer, 2018)





Participants

108 heterosexual couples

Age	18 - 74 years old ($M = 37.94$, $SD = 12.50$)		
Parenthood	54.6% of parents		
Duration of the relationships	M = 12.63 years, $SD = 12.65$		
Time together during the lockdown	M = 18.80 hours a day, SD = 6.97		

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Measures				
Harmful stress-related couple processes	 Marital Satisfaction Inventory Revised (Bodart et al., 2015) Relationship dissatisfaction (22 items; α = 0.96) Difficulties in Problem-solving Communication (19 items; α = 0.92) Aggression (10 items; α = 0.70) Conflicts over Children Rearing (10 items; α = 0.87) 			
Perceived influence of the lockdown on couple and family relationships	Positive and negative perception of the influence of the lockdown on their couple (5 items; $\alpha = 0.78$) and family (5 items; $\alpha = 0.88$) satisfaction e.g., the lockdown allows me to get closer to my partner/family			

Actor-Partner Interdependence Model (multilevel modeling) - Relationship dissatisfaction - Difficulties in problem-solving communication - Aggression - Conflicts over children Rearing - Perceived influence of the lockdown on couple and family - Couple duration - Number of hours spent together - Presence of children at home Time-varying covariate The partner's couple processes

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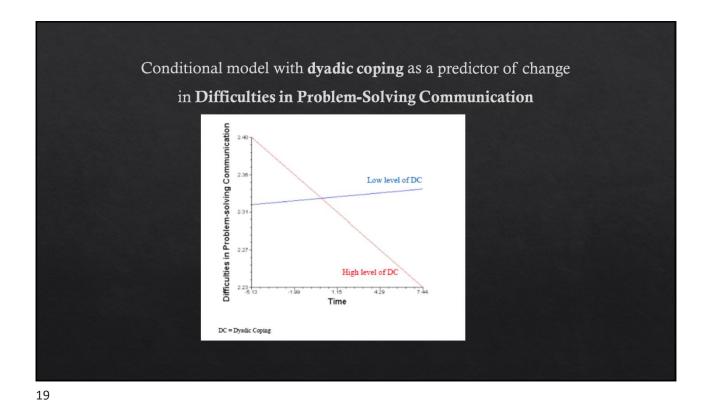


Actor-partner interdependence model							
** P < .001 * p < .05	Relationship Dissatisfaction	Difficulties in Problem-solving Communication	Aggression	Conflicts over Children Rearing	Perceived Influence of the Lockdown on Couple	Perceived Influence of the Lockdown on Family	
Slope (weeks)	-0.09(.01)**	-0.13(.01)**	-0.12(.01)**	-0.09(.01)**	0.28(.03)**	0.26(0.3)**	
APIM	0.05(.00)**	0.05(.00)**	0.07(.01)**	0.06(.01)**	0.08(.01)**	0.07(.01)**	
Duration of the relationship	-0.00(.00)	-0.00(.00)	-0.00(.00)	-0.00(.00)	0.002(.00)*	0.002(.00)*	
Children at home	-0.00(.00)	-0.00(.00)	0.00(.00)	-	-0.00(.00)	-	
Hours together	0.00(.00)	0.00(.00)	0.00(.00)	0.00(.00)	-0.003(.00)*	-0.00(.00)	



Measures				
Harmful stress-related couple processes	Marital Satisfaction Inventory Revised (Bodart et al., 2015) - Relationship dissatisfaction (22 items; $\alpha = 0.96$) - Difficulties in Problem-solving Communication (19 items; $\alpha = 0.92$) - Aggression (10 items; $\alpha = 0.70$) - Conflicts over Children Rearing (10 items; $\alpha = 0.87$)			
Dyadic coping	Dyadic Coping Inventory (Bodenmann, 2008) (α = .87) = Participants' perceptions of their own & partners' coping behaviors when they are experiencing stress e.g., I tell my partner openly how I feel and that I would appreciate his/her support My partner tells me openly how he/she feels and he/she would appreciate my support			

Actor-partner interdependence model Slope (Linear) 0.01(.00)** -0.00(.01) 0.00(.00) 0.00(.00)Slope (Quadratic) 0.001(.00)* -0.00(.00) 0.00(.00) 0.00(.00)Duration of the relationship -0.00(.00) 0.00(.00)0.00(.00) 0.00(.00)Children at home 0.69(.00) 0.01(.01) 0.00(.00) -0.02(.01)*** **Dyadic coping** -0.02(.01)* -0.01(.00) 0.01(.01)

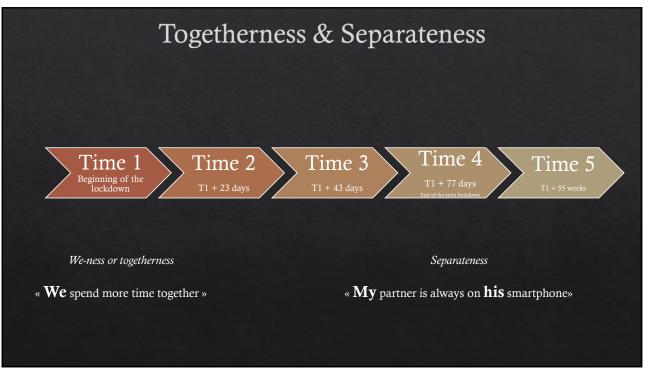


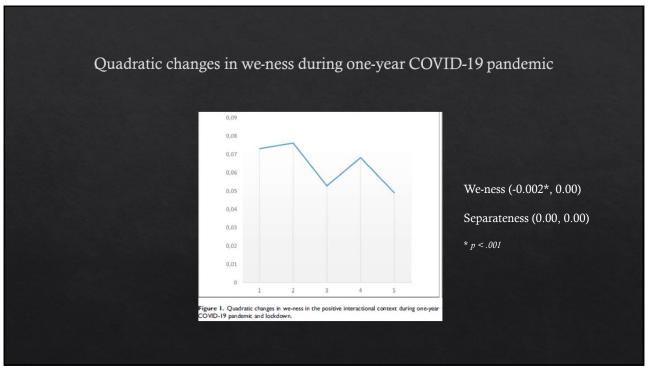
Conditional model with dyadic coping as a predictor of change in Relationship Dissatisfaction

Low level of DC

High level of DC

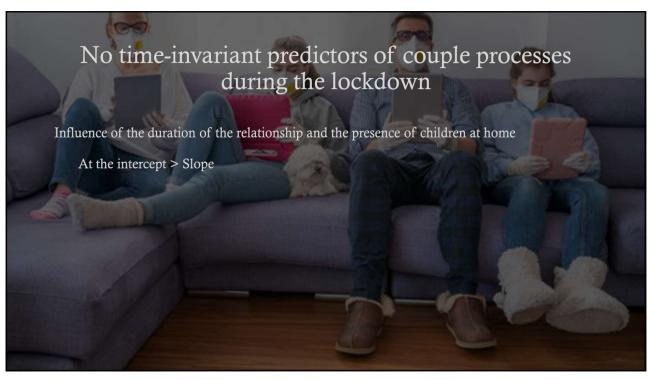
DC = Dyadic Coping

















Dyadic coping as a buffer factor

Predictor of change in partners' Relationship Dissatisfaction & Difficulties in Problemsolving Communication

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Lessons from the lockdown experience

- ♦ Protective factors
 - ♦ Couple & family time
 - Promoting partners' DC competences = A way to enhance partners' effectiveness for resolving daily problems & satisfaction over the couple relationship

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