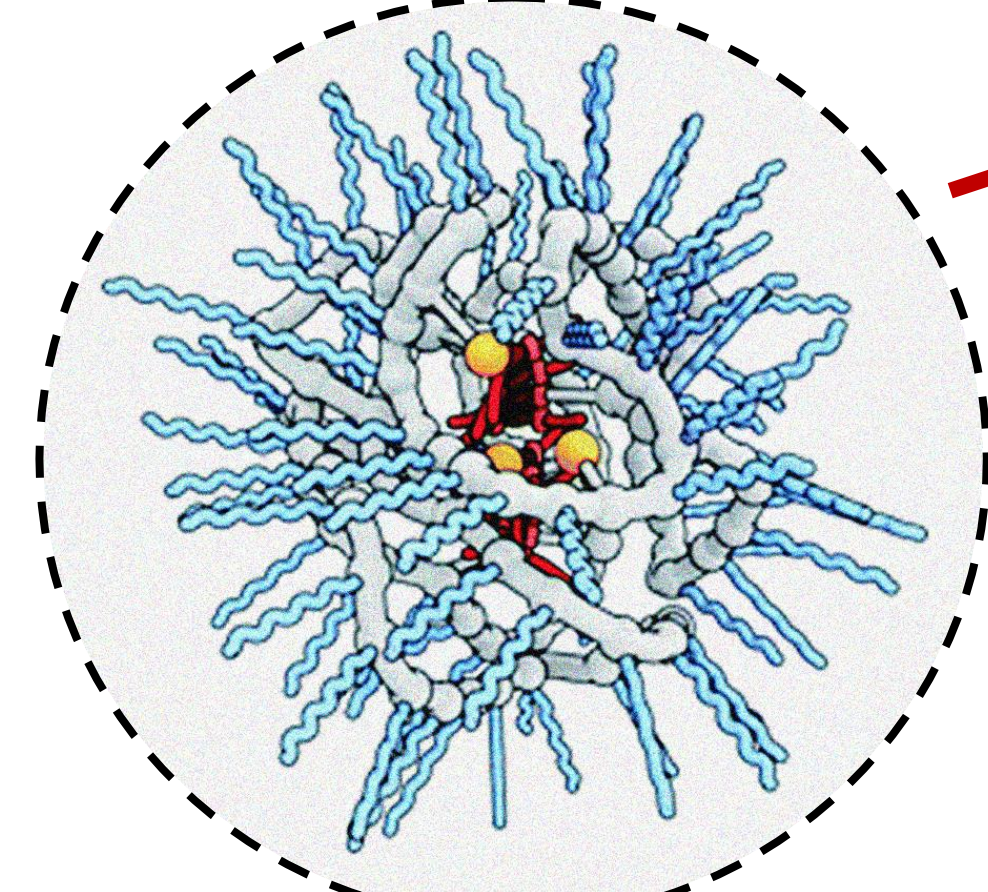
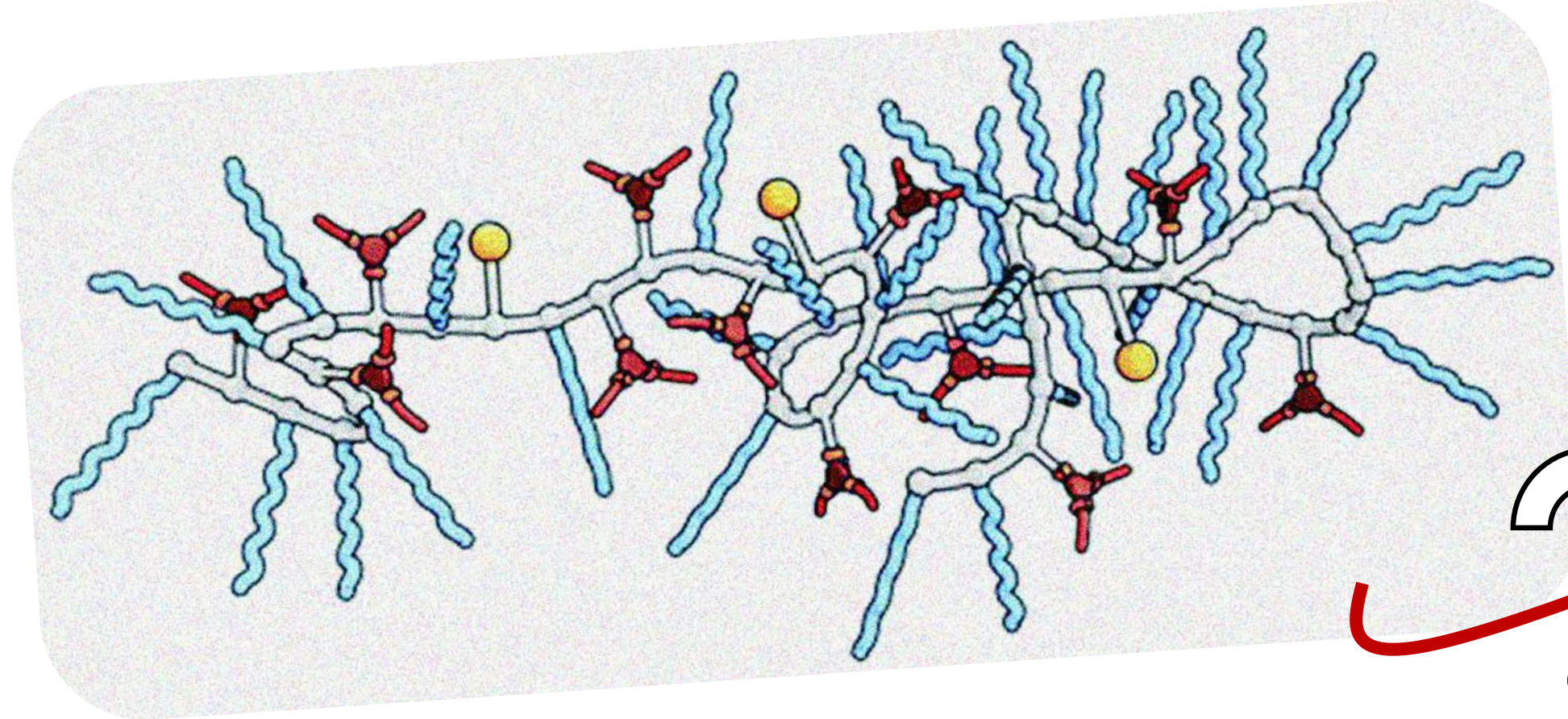


Single-Chain Polymeric Nanoparticles (SCPNS):
Controlling the collapse of polymer chains to create functional systems^{1,2}

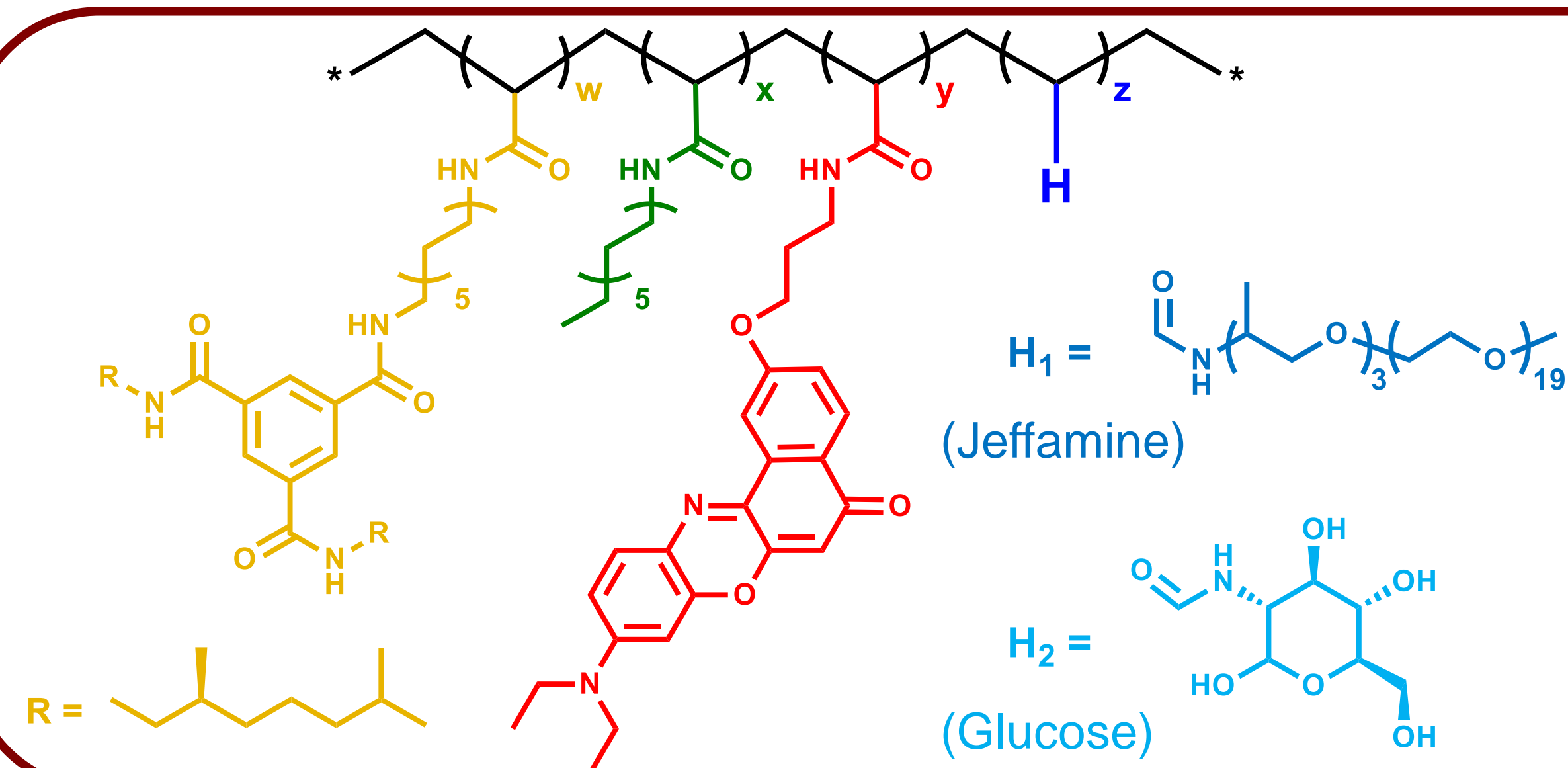
Introduction

How to predict the folded structure?



Using Molecular Dynamics (MD) simulations!

- AMBER biomolecular simulation programs³
- GAFF2 force-field (polymer)
- Explicit solvation with water (OPC water model)
- Microsecond timescale



Chemical structure

P-(Jeffamine): $w = 0.00$ $x = 0.00$ $y = 0.00$ $z = 1.00$

P-(Jeffamine-dodecyl-BTA): $w = 0.04$ $x = 0.15$ $y = 0.00$ $z = 0.81$

P-(Glucose): $w = 0.00$ $x = 0.00$ $y = 0.01$ $z = 0.99$

P-(Glucose-dodecyl): $w = 0.00$ $x = 0.15$ $y = 0.01$ $z = 0.84$

P-(Glucose-BTA): $w = 0.05$ $x = 0.00$ $y = 0.01$ $z = 0.94$

Hydrophilic units

(long or short)

+

Hydrophobic units

+

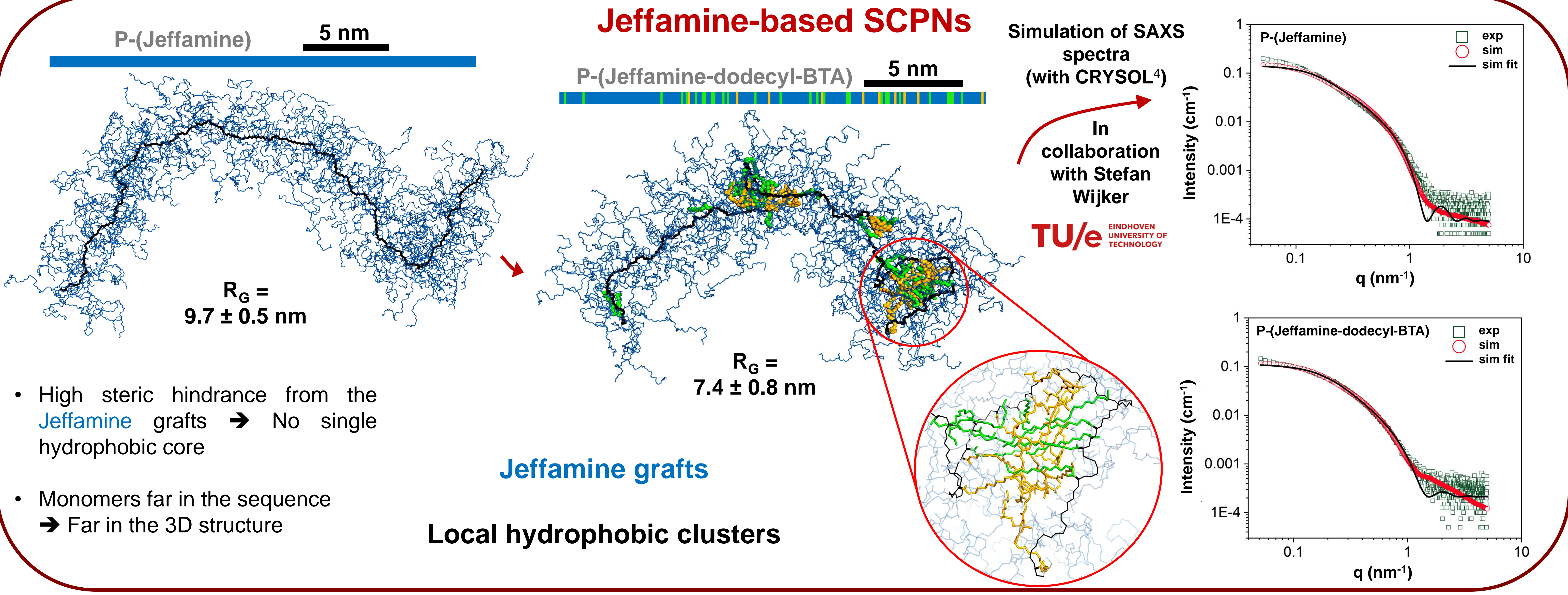
Supramolecular units

+

Chromophore

DP = 186

DP = 103



Backbone

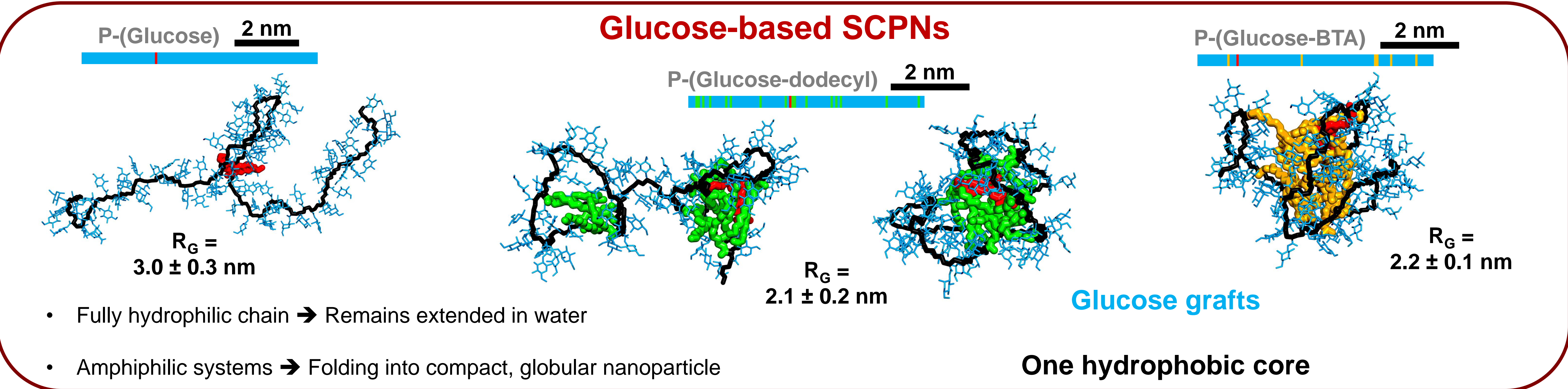
Jeffamine

Glucose

Dodecyl

BTA

Nile Red



Conclusion

- The structure of amphiphilic SCPNs is influenced by the length of hydrophilic grafts:
 - Long grafts (Jeffamine) → Local hydrophobic clusters
 - Short grafts (glucose) → Full compaction of the chain
- MD simulations, supported by SAXS data, give us an **atomic-scale picture** of the structure of SCPNs

References

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3. R. Salomon-Ferrer et al., *Wiley Interdiscip. Rev. Comput. Mol. Sci.* **2013**, *3*, 198-210.
4. D. Franke et al., *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **2017**, *50*, 1212-1225.