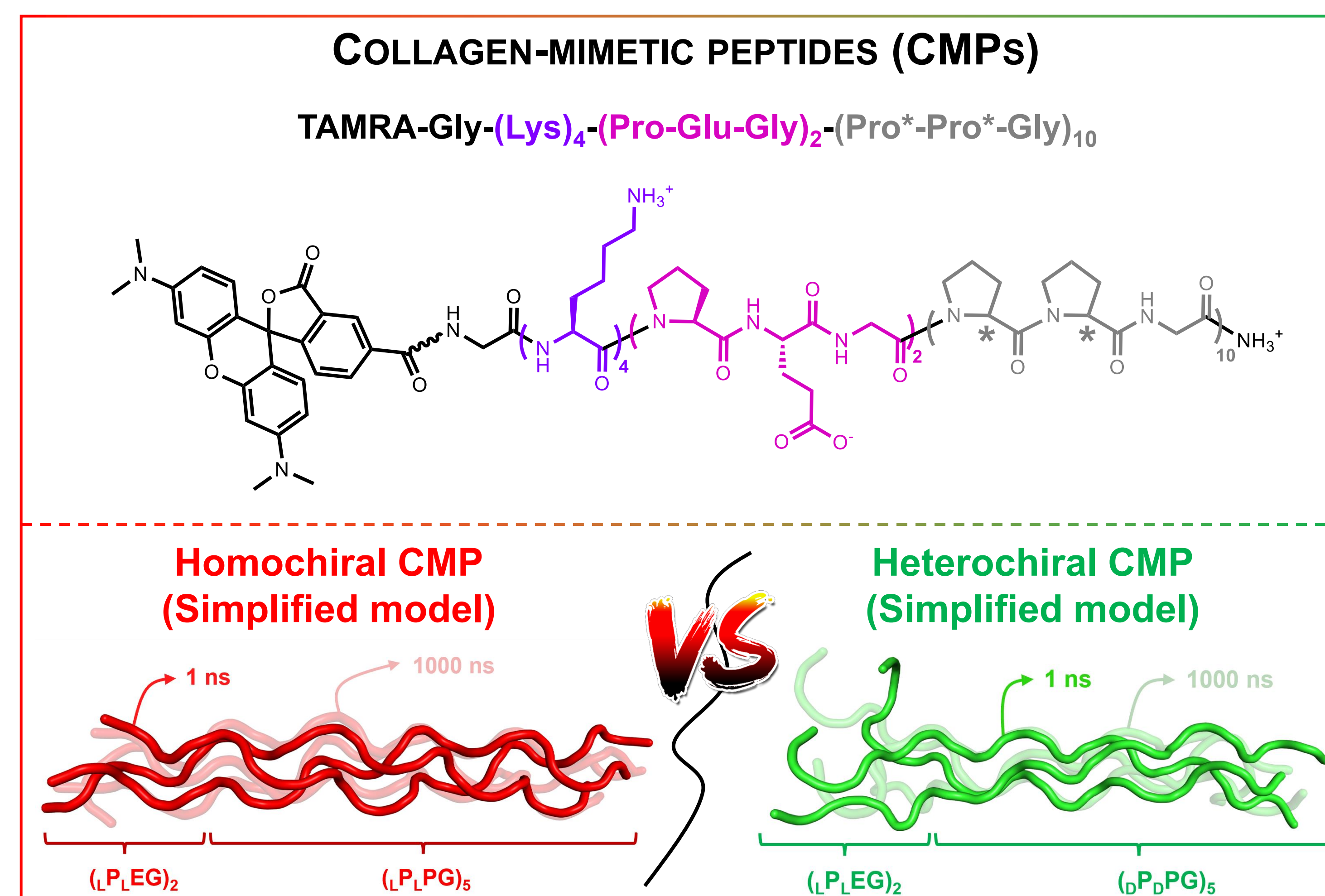
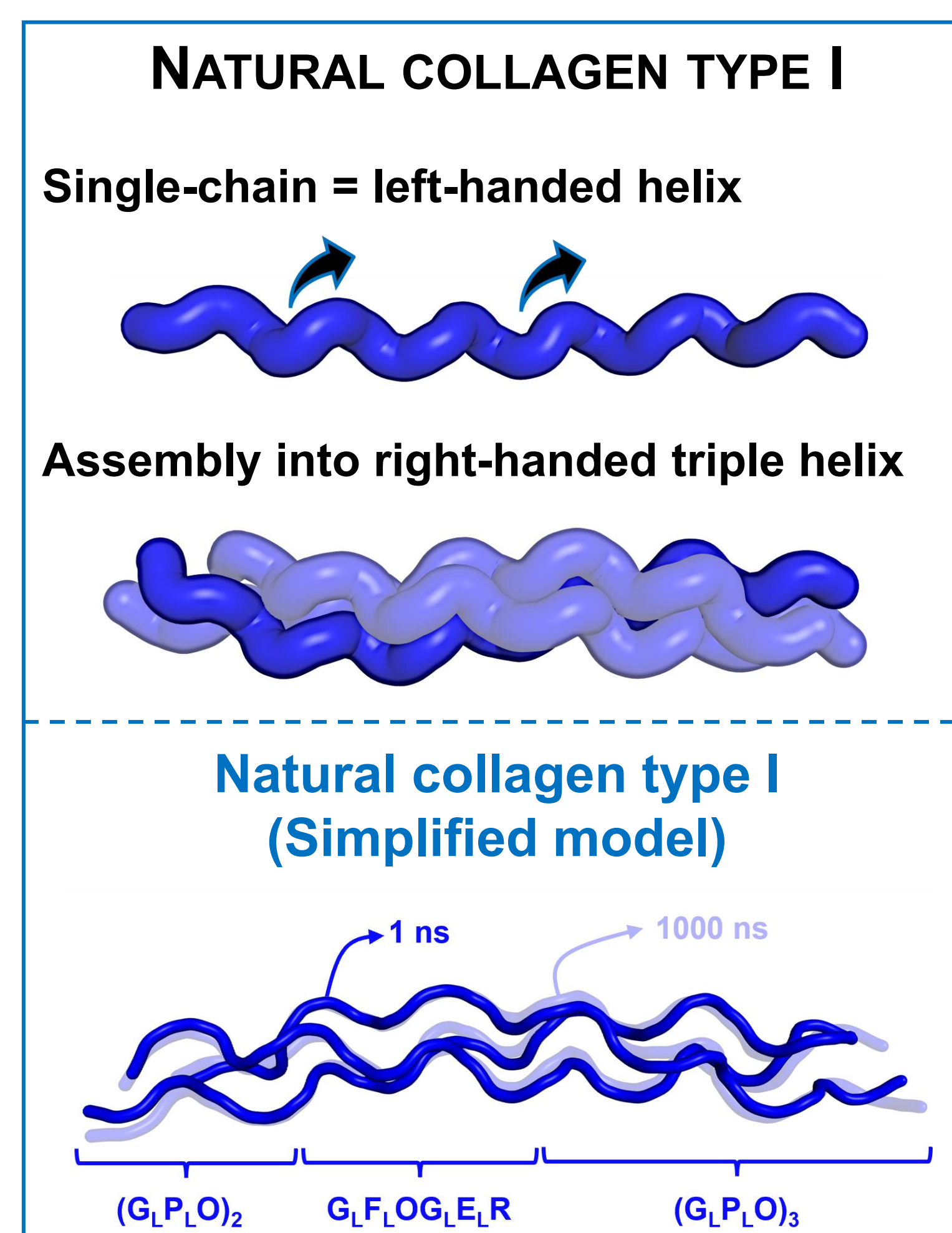


Introduction

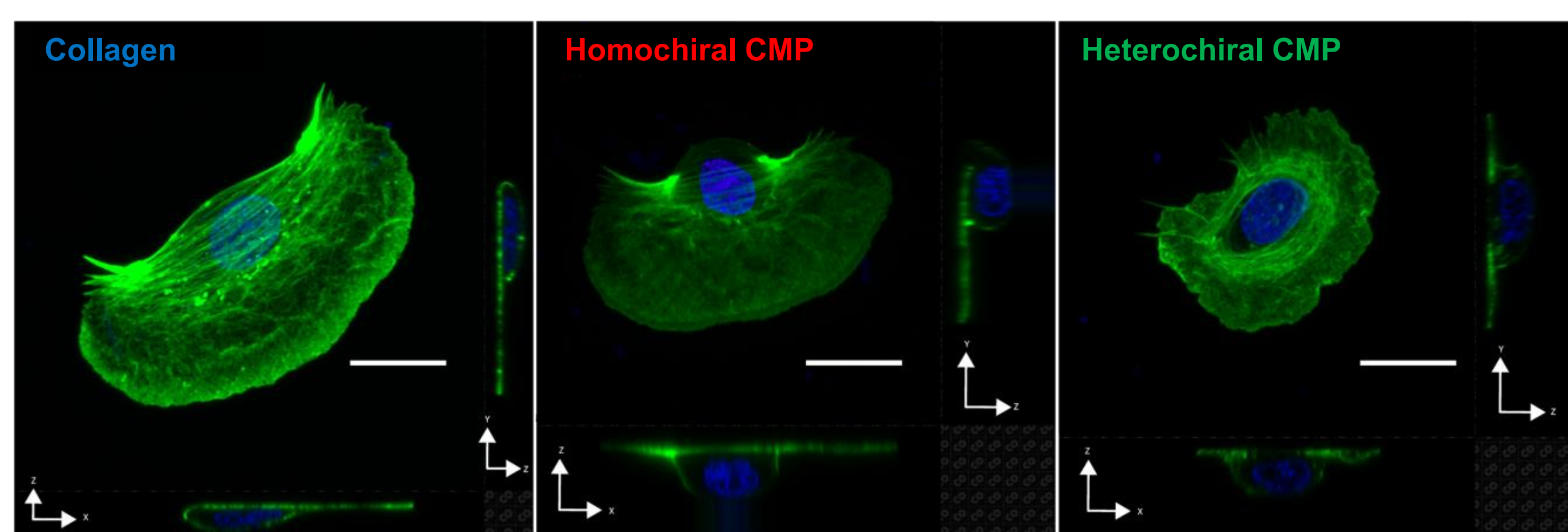
Does chirality influence cell-matrix interactions and cell migration?

- Engineering of three **surfaces coated with collagen or collagen-mimetic peptides (CMPs)**
- **Collagen** = major component of extracellular matrix (ECM)
- **Homochiral CMP** = full L-amino acids
- **Heterochiral CMP** = L- and D-amino acids → **Chiral mismatch!**

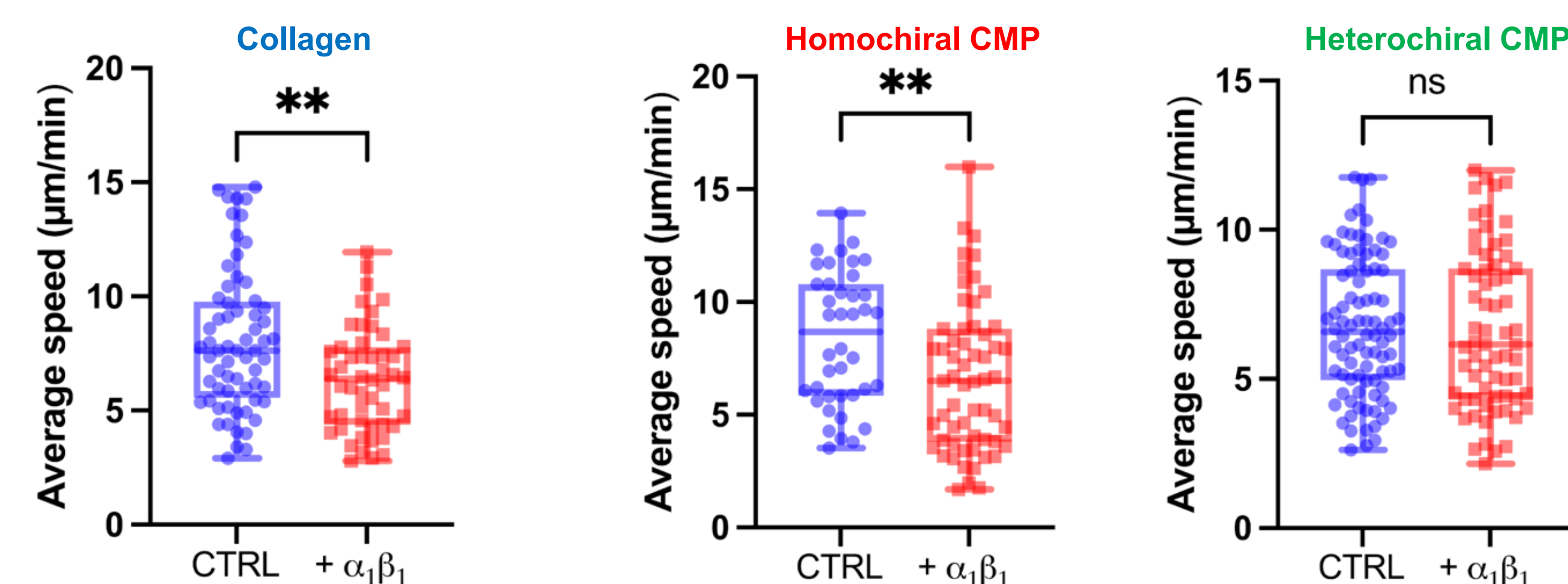


Experimental findings

By Alexandre Remson



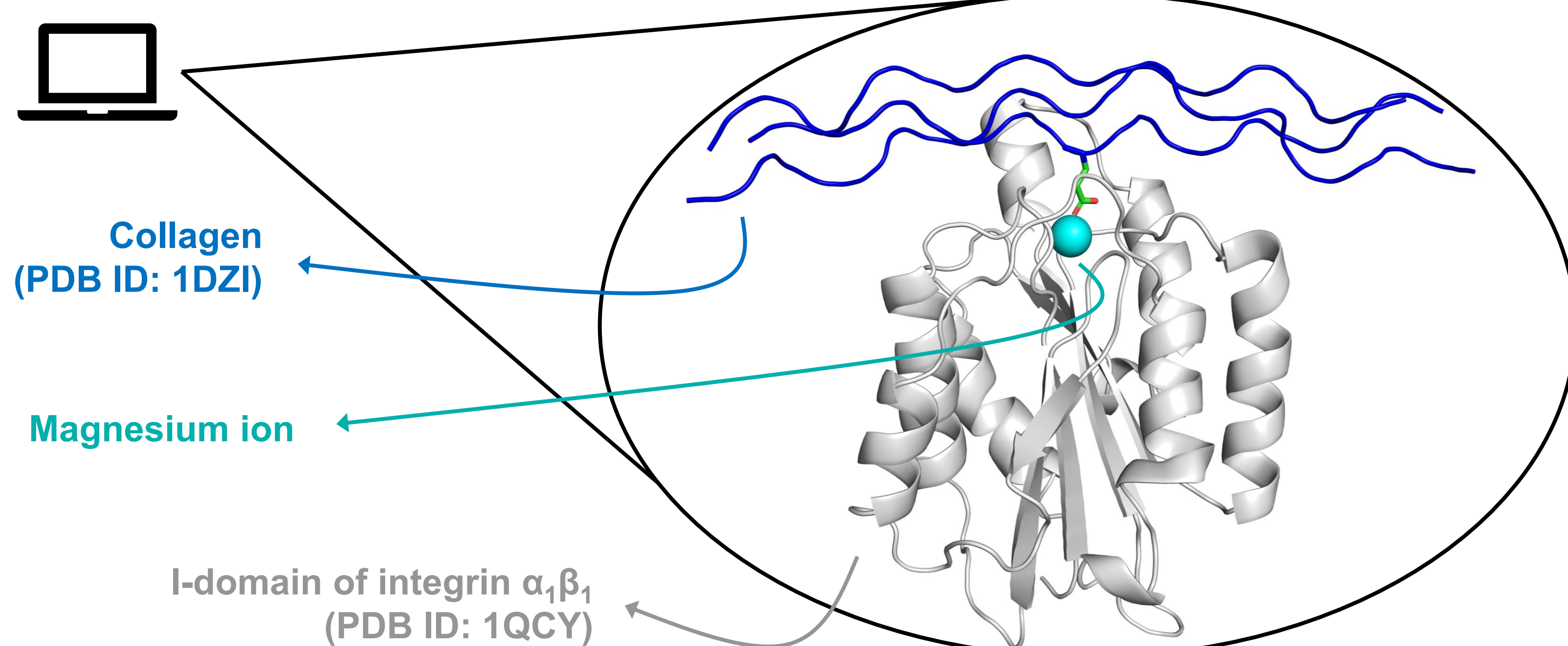
- Surface chirality impacts cell morphology, adhesion and migration



- Inhibiting integrin α₁β₁ affects cell migration on **collagen** and **homochiral CMP** but NOT on **heterochiral CMP**

Investigation at the atomic scale – Molecular modeling

Computational microscope



Simulation methodology

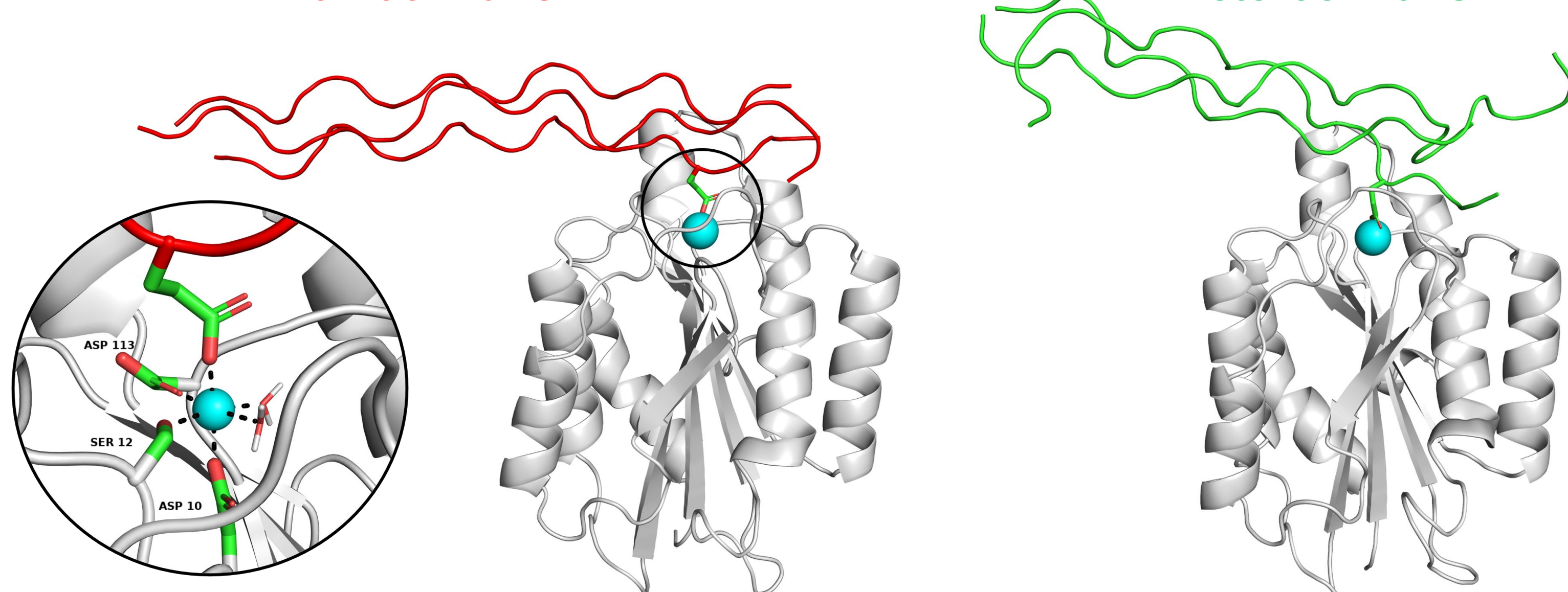
- Integrins = transmembrane proteins mediating adhesions between cells and ECM
- I-domain of integrin α₁β₁ = **collagen** recognition site: binding through « GFOGER » motif^[1]
- Coordination of **Mg²⁺ ion** by glutamate

- **AMBER** suite of programs^[2]
- **ff19SB** force-field^[3]
- Explicit solvation (OPC water + 0.15 M NaCl)
- Microsecond timescale
- Five independent replicas for each system

Snapshots from the simulations

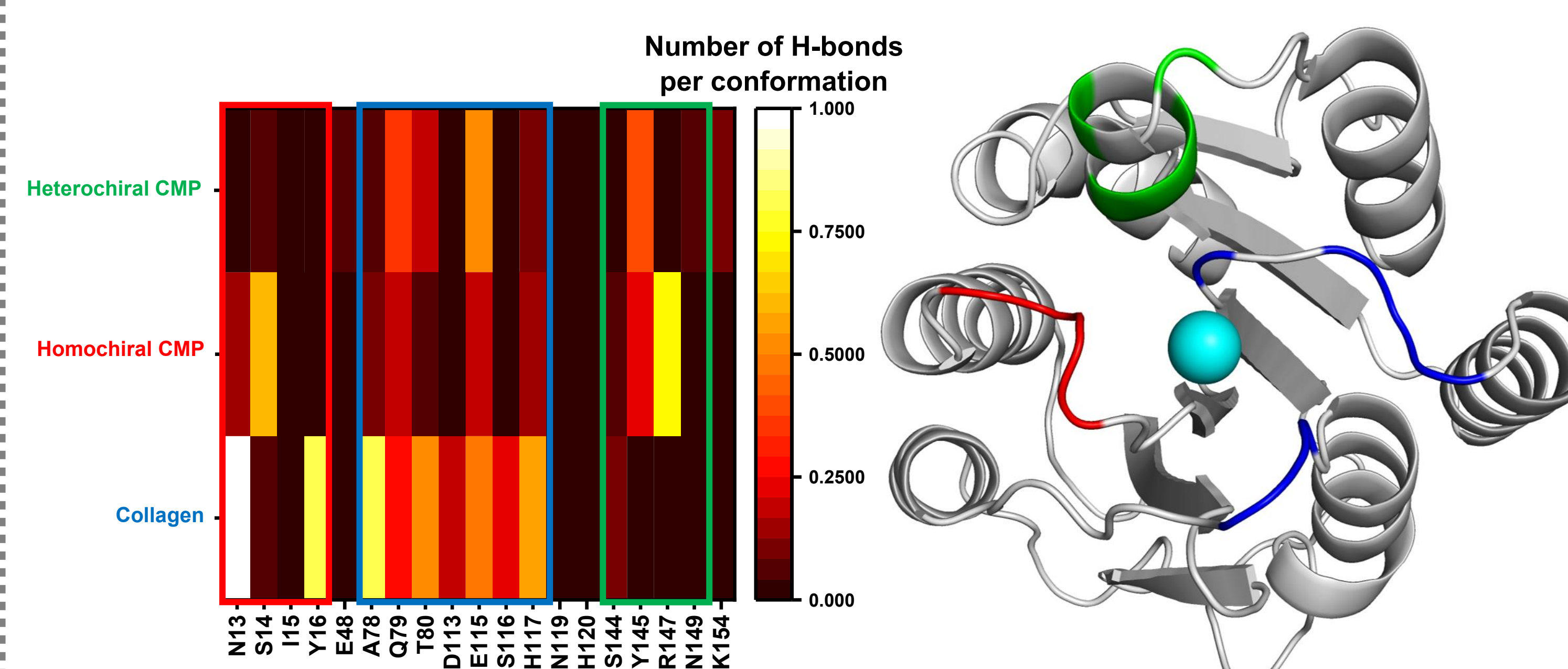
Homochiral CMP

Heterochiral CMP



- Both CMPs are able to interact with the integrin through glutamate – **Mg²⁺** coordination
- **Heterochiral CMP** is disordered at the junction between L- and D-amino acids

Hydrogen bonds in the binding site



- More interactions in the binding site for **homochiral CMP** than **heterochiral CMP**: the chiral mismatch hinders the peptide – integrin recognition

References

1. Knight, C. G. *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **2000**, 275, 35–40.
2. Case, D. A. *et al.*, *J. Comput. Chem.* **2000**, 26, 1668–1688.
3. Tian, C. *et al.*, *J. Chem. Theory Comput.* **2019**, 16, 528–552.