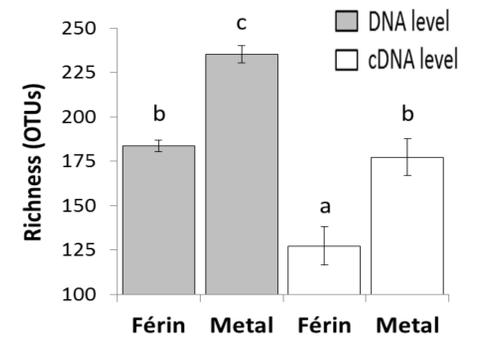
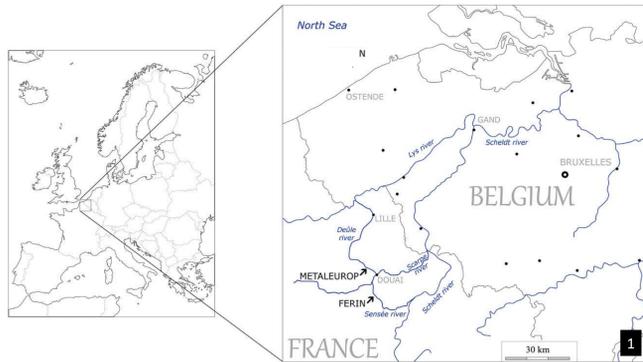
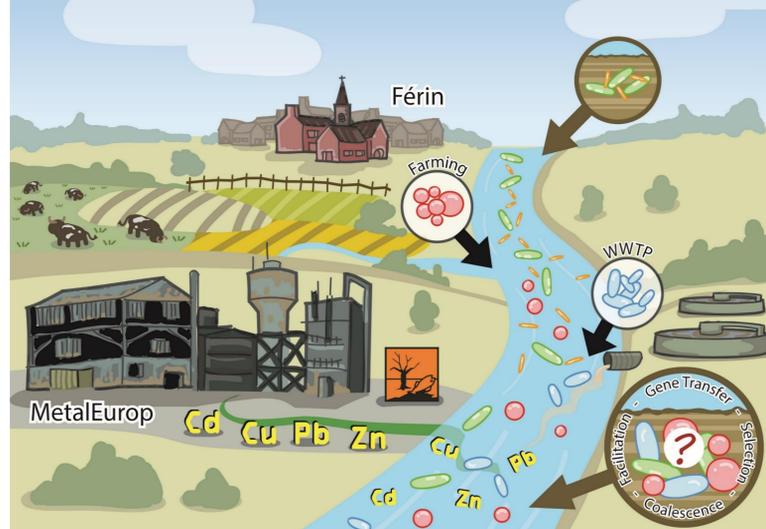


Following the impact of metals on river sediments in microcosms: Metals as community manager

Valentine Cyriaque, Augustin Géron, David C. Gillan, Ruddy Wattiez

Proteomics and Microbiology Lab, Research Institute for Biosciences, UMONS, Mons, Belgium

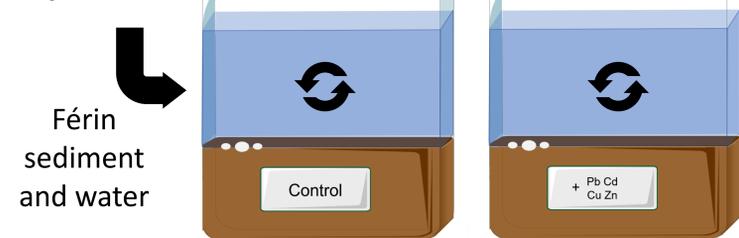
Background



Jacquioud, S., Cyriaque, V., Riber, L., Al-soud, W.A., Gillan, D.C., Wattiez, R., and Sørensen, S.J. (2018) Long-term industrial metal contamination unexpectedly shaped diversity and activity response of sediment microbiome. *J. Hazard. Mater.* **344**: 299–307.

Microbial facilitation via “public-good” providing bacteria, Horizontal Gene Transfer (HGT) and community coalescence, overall resulting in an unexpected higher microbial diversity at the polluted site.

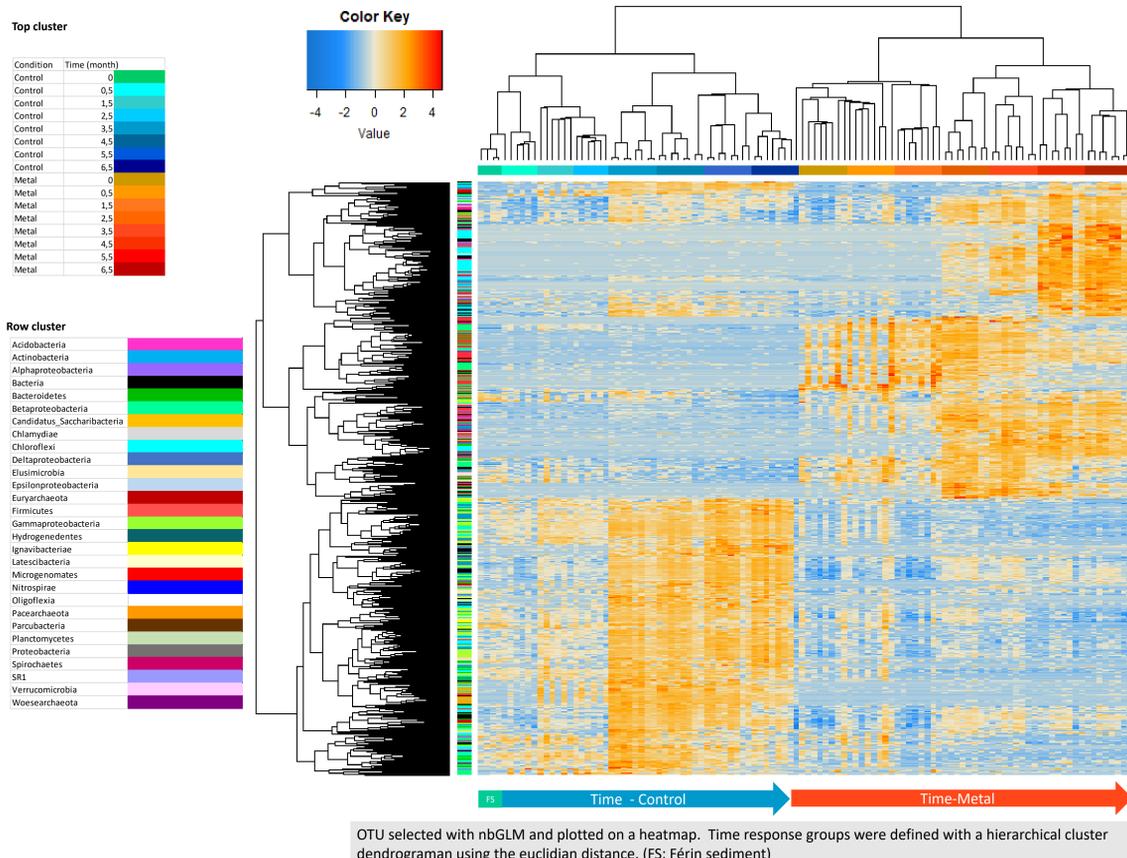
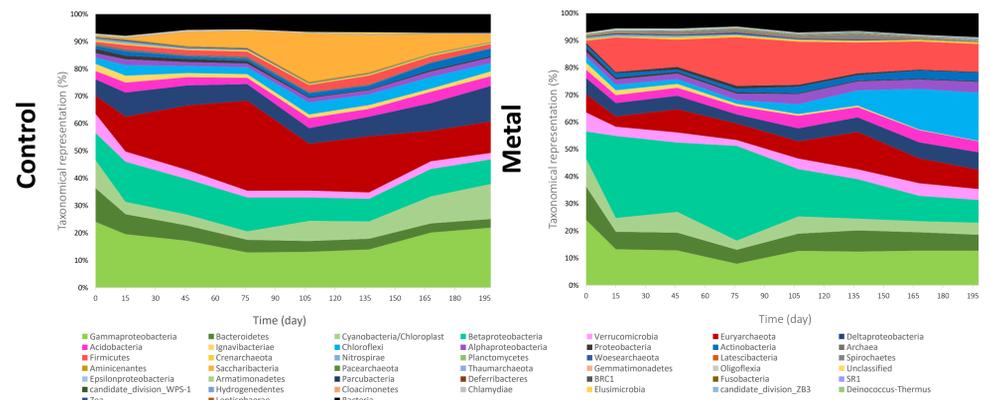
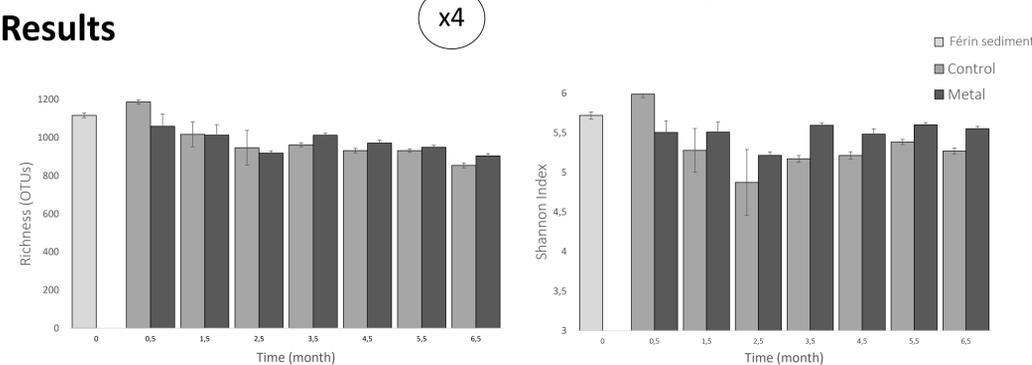
Experiment



Férin sediments (50 mL) incubated at 23°C during 196 days with a daily fresh river water turnover and added with metals to reach MetalEurop sediment metal concentration in Cd, Cu, Pb, Zn¹ (36.8, 86.3, 902.2 and 2870 mg/kg respectively).

Microcosm monitoring using 16S rRNA gene sequencing (Illumina 2x250 bp).

Results



Conclusion

- The fresh water turnover stabilises the α -diversity through time in both conditions supporting the community coalescence theory.
- Metals act as community managers allowing a higher richness and equitability in the community.
- The taxonomic profile is impacted by the microcosm condition and metals.
- During the 6 months of incubation with metals, dominant Gammaproteobacteria keep being challenged by strong niche competitors such as Firmicutes, Betaproteobacteria and Chloroflexi.
- Methanogens and sulfate reducing bacteria play a key role in the succession of taxonomic profiles
- Metals select for « public good » providing bacteria such as *Zooglea*, *Clostridium*, *Rhodobacteraceae*, *Aquabacterium* or *Novosphingobium*.

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- Jacquioud, S., Cyriaque, V., Riber, L., Al-soud, W.A., Gillan, D.C., Wattiez, R., and Sørensen, S.J. (2018) Long-term industrial metal contamination unexpectedly shaped diversity and activity response of sediment microbiome. *J. Hazard. Mater.* **344**: 299–307.

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